The District Administration Scheme commenced in 1982 with the establishment of a District Board and a District Management Committee (DMC) in each of the districts in Hong Kong. The aim of the scheme is to achieve a more effective coordination of government activities in the provision of services and facilities at the district level, ensuring that the Government is responsive to district needs and problems and promotes public participation in district affairs. From July 1, 1997 to December 31, 1999, the former District Boards were replaced by provisional District Boards. With effect from January 1, 2000, 18 District Councils (DCs) were established to replace the provisional District Boards.

**The Role of the District Officer:** As head of each district office, the District Officer (DO) represents the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government at the district level and oversees the operation of the District Administration Scheme in the district. The DO implements and coordinates the execution of relevant District programmes, ensures that the DC’s advice is properly followed up, and promotes residents’ participation in district affairs. In addition, the DO maintains close liaison with different sectors of the community and reflects their concerns and problems to the Government.

The DO acts as a link between the DC and government departments, facilitates communication between them, and helps to handle the district’s problems promptly through inter-departmental consultation and cooperation.

The DO is also involved with the community at every level and mediates in disputes between corporate bodies and residents. The DO performs an advisory and liaison role in assisting building management bodies and operates a public enquiry service to give the community easy access to government services and information. In emergencies, the DO is responsible for coordinating different departments’ efforts on the ground to ensure the effective provision of relief services.

**The Role of District Councils:** DCs play an essential advisory role on district matters and issues affecting the whole of Hong Kong as appropriate. The functions of a DC are:

1. to advise the Government on:
   - matters affecting the well-being of the people in the district;
   - the provision and use of public facilities and services within the district;
   - the adequacy and priorities of government programmes for the district; and
   - the use of public funds allocated to the district for local public works and community activities;
2. where funds are made available for the purpose, to undertake:
   - the promotion of recreational and cultural activities within the district; and
   - community activities within the district.

The DCs also participate in managing some district facilities, including community halls, public libraries, leisure grounds, sports venues, public swimming pools and beaches.

In light of the latest situation of the Sixth Term District Councils (DCs), the role of DCs in implementing projects under the Community Involvement Programme has been suspended since October 2021. Under the revised arrangements, in respect of the Community Involvement Programme, the Home Affairs Department / Districts Offices (DOs) and the Leisure and Cultural Services Department will either allocate the relevant funds directly to relevant organisations, or will organise projects featuring local characteristics and popular festive celebrations as well as cultural, artistic and recreational activities to promote district harmony.

**Consultation with District Councils:** Departments send representatives to DC meetings, to consult them and, where appropriate, act on their advice and keep them informed of government policies and programmes in general and, more specifically, of the work of departments in the district and local matters that are likely to affect the livelihood, living environment or well-being of the residents within a district.

**Composition of District Councils:** The sixth-term DCs, comprising 479 seats (452 elected seats and 27 ex officio seats assumed by chairmen of the rural committees in the New Territories), commenced on January 1, 2020. The distribution of seats is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hong Kong and Kowloon</th>
<th>Number of Seats</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Central &amp; Western</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kowloon City</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kwun Tong</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sham Shui Po</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wan Chai</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wong Tai Sin</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yau Tsim Mong</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sub-total: 215

New Territories:
Islands 18
Kwai Tsing 32
North 22
Sai Kung 31
Sha Tin 42
Tai Po 21
Tsuen Wan 21
Tuen Mun 32
Yuen Long 45

Sub-total: 264

Total: 479

**District Management Committees:** The DMC in each district is chaired by the DO. It is a government committee consisting of representatives of the core departments in the district, and provides a forum for departments to discuss and resolve district problems. It responds positively to the advice and requests of the DC and submits a comprehensive written report on its work to each meeting of the DC.

In the light of the positive outcome and support from the community in respect of the pilot scheme introduced by the Home Affairs Department in Sham Shui Po and Yuen Long between April 2014 and August 2015, the Government has extended the scheme to 18 districts in the fifth-term DCs and renamed it as “District-led Actions Scheme” (DAS). With an additional annual funding of $63 million, DAS aims to tackle district problems which are long-standing, of large magnitude, and complex, as well as to capitalise on local opportunities. It provides the respective DMCs chaired by DOs with the decision-making power to tackle problems relating to district management, environmental hygiene and enhance the living quality in the communities, with the advice given by the DCs on the work priorities. The annual recurrent provision for DAS has been increased from $63 million to $80 million from 2020-21 onwards to further address long-standing problems and capitalise on opportunities in the districts.

**Area Committees:** Area committees were formed in 1972 primarily to promote public participation in the Keep Hong Kong Clean Campaign and the Fight Violent Crime Campaign. Nowadays, the functions of area committees are to promote public participation in district affairs, to advise and assist in the organisation of community involvement activities and the implementation of government-sponsored initiatives, and advise on issues of a localised nature affecting the area. Throughout the years, area committees have played an important role in the districts and in providing a link between the local community and the Government.

Area committee members are appointed by the Secretary for Home and Youth Affairs and are drawn from a wide spectrum of the community. At present, there are 71 area committees in Hong Kong.

**Owners’ Corporation:** An owners’ corporation is a legal entity formed under the Building Management Ordinance (Cap. 344) by the owners of a private building and is vested with certain legal powers to facilitate the management of a building. At the end of March 2022, there were about 11 200 owners’ corporations throughout Hong Kong, among which about 9 100 were formed with the assistance of the district offices.