Tourism

The tourism industry is a major pillar of the economy of Hong Kong. In 2013, it contributed to 5 per cent of Hong Kong’s GDP. It employs around 269,700 persons, accounting for 7.2 per cent of total employment.

In 2014, visitor arrivals increased by 12 per cent over 2013 to 60.8 million. The total number of visitors in the first half of 2015 grew at a slower pace of 2.8 per cent over the same period of 2014. The Mainland continued to be the largest source market with 22.8 million arrivals in the first half of 2015, representing an increase of 4.7 per cent over a year ago and accounting for around 78 per cent of the total.

Accommodation and Length of Stay: By end June 2015, Hong Kong had 251 hotels, providing 73,807 rooms. The average occupancy rate generally stayed high in recent years, and it reached 90% in 2014 and 85% in the first half of 2015. To enhance the competitiveness of the hotel industry and entice visitors to lengthen their stay, the Hotel Accommodation Tax has been waived since July 1, 2008. Moreover, to ensure the healthy development of the hotel sector, the Government has undertaken a number of initiatives to promote hotel development to meet the diversified needs of our visitors. For example, a number of sites in different parts of Hong Kong have been designated for “hotel only” sites. There are also initiatives to allow conversion of old industrial buildings and re-vitalisation of heritage buildings into hotels. Apart from the above measures, the Government has included in the 2015-16 Land Sale Programme a hotel site within the “hotel belt” of the Kai Tak Runway Precinct. The development of this site is expected to provide some 500 hotel rooms.

Tourism Commission: The Tourism Commission (TC) was established in May 1999 to coordinate within government various tourism development efforts and to provide policy support and leadership to the development of tourism in Hong Kong.

The Commission’s objective is to establish and promote Hong Kong as Asia’s premier international city, and a world-class destination for leisure and business visitors.

To fulfil this mission, it is essential for the trade and the Government to work closely together. The Tourism Strategy Group, comprising representatives from the Government, the Hong Kong Tourism Board (HKTB) and various sectors of the tourism industry, advises the Government on tourism development from a strategic perspective.

International Convention, Exhibition and Tourism Capital: The Government strives to enhance the appeal of Hong Kong as an international convention, exhibition and tourism capital. The HKTB set up a dedicated office, entitled Meetings and Exhibitions Hong Kong (MEHK), in November 2008. Additional fund is earmarked for MEHK to raise Hong Kong’s MICE (meetings, incentive travels, conventions and exhibitions) profile and strengthen support to MICE events to be hosted in Hong Kong. In the first half of 2015, there were some 802,000 overnight MICE visitor arrivals to Hong Kong, recorded a decrease of 10.4 per cent over the same period last year.

Hong Kong’s main venues for MICE events are the AsiaWorld-Expo (AWE) near the airport, the Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre (HKCEC) in the heart of the city, and the Hong Kong International Trade and Exhibition Centre in Kowloon Bay. In 2014, both HKCEC and AWE have been again listed in the top three ’Best Convention and Exhibition Centre’ in the CEI Asia Industry Awards organised by CEI Asia, a prominent MICE publication.

In 2008, Hong Kong became the first duty-free wine port among major economies. It was also chosen for the publication of a Michelin guide, which reinforced Hong Kong’s reputation as Asia’s culinary capital. To further showcase Hong Kong as a premier destination for visitors to enjoy fine wine and cuisine, the HKTB has since 2009 organised the “Hong Kong Wine and Dine Festival” and launched a variety of food and wine promotions together with major dining districts and the catering sector. In 2015, the Festival will be held at the New Central Harbourfront and will again offer participants an attractive combination of fine wines, culinary delights and live entertainment.

Tourist Attractions and Facilities: The Government continues to develop a wide range of diversified tourist attractions in Hong Kong with a view to enhancing Hong Kong’s overall attractiveness as a premier tourist destination.

With the completion of the Master Redevelopment Plan, Ocean Park has become a world-class marine-themed park featuring more than 80 attractions. To further enhance its overall attractiveness and receiving capacity, Ocean Park has embarked on developing an all-weather indoor cum outdoor waterpark at Tai Shue Wan. The construction works of the Park’s first hotel, namely Hong Kong Ocean Park Marriott Hotel, has also commenced. These two projects are expected to be gradually completed from 2017 onwards. Besides, Ocean Park is also conducting the tender of the Fisherman’s Wharf Hotel development.

Regarding the Hong Kong Disneyland, further to the launch of the new night time parade "Disney Paint the Night" in October 2014, the Hong Kong Disneyland will continue to launch a series of new initiatives, including the
HKTB has published the “Hong Kong Walks” guide, which features eight itineraries to help visitors explore Hong Kong’s fascinating culture, culinary delights and unique heritage, such as the walled village in Fanling and the open-air markets in Yau Ma Tei and Mong Kok. In addition, the HKTB continues to work with the trade to promote traditional Chinese customs and festivals, such as the Tin Hau Festival parade in Yuen Long and Cha Kwo Ling, Tam Kung Festival in Shaukeiwan, the Cheung Chau Bun Festival and the Birthday of Lord Buddha celebrations at Po Lin Monastery. These four traditional festivals were again bundled under the “Hong Kong Cultural Celebrations” promotion in May to encourage visitors to take part in the festive celebrations in different districts.

Leveraging Hong Kong’s ecological richness and diversity, the Commission has been promoting green tourism in Northeast New Territories and outlying islands, having regard to the principles of nature conservation and sustainable development. The HKTB has launched the “Great Outdoors Hong Kong” marketing platform since 2009 to promote the Hong Kong Global Geopark of China, the natural scenery of various outlying islands, popular hiking trails and other green attractions. The HKTB also actively promotes cultural and arts events in Hong Kong, including the Hong Kong Arts Festival, the Hong Kong International Film Festival, Art Basel Hong Kong, and large-scale arts exhibitions in various local museums. To introduce to visitors Hong Kong’s arts and cultural attractions and happenings in different districts, the HKTB has joined hands with performing arts groups and the tourism sector to enrich visitors’ travel experience with different arts and cultural programmes.

**Standards and Performance:** Apart from making available a wide range of attractions to enrich visitors’ experience, it is equally important to enhance the quality of service offered. The Travel Agents Ordinance puts in place a licensing regime to regulate travel agents who provide inbound and outbound travel services. To ensure the quality of service to visitors, tourist guides are required to complete prescribed training and pass an examination. They have to observe the “Code of Conduct for Tourist Guides” issued by the Travel Industry Council of Hong Kong (TIC). By end of July 2015, Hong Kong have about 6 740 accredited tourist guides. As part of the efforts to help members of the travel agents trade to continuously upgrade their professional knowledge and quality of service, since mid-2006, the Government has subsidised a series of new specialised courses for them. By the end of July 2015, some 5 950 members of the travel agents trade have enrolled in the new courses. To further encourage tourist guides to continuously better equip themselves to meet new market challenges, the TIC introduced a Continuous Professional Development Programme (CPD Programme) for tourist guides. Tourist guides are required to fulfil the training requirements of the CPD Programme for renewal of Tourist Guide Pass. This aims to ensure the continuous enhancement of the quality of tourist guide service.

To promote the healthy and sustainable development of the tourism industry, the Government conducted a review of the operation and regulatory framework of the tourism sector in 2011 and decided to set up an independent statutory body, named the Travel Industry Authority (TIA), to take up the overall regulation of travel
agents, tourist guides and tour escorts. The Tourism Commission is setting in hand the drafting of the new legislation and other relevant work for the establishment of the TIA.

The HKTB continues to run the Quality Tourism Services (QTS) Scheme, which aims to encourage retailers, restaurants and visitor accommodations to elevate their service standards, thereby giving visitors quality assurance. As at June 2015, a total of 8,234 retail and restaurant outlets, as well as 13 visitor accommodation premises covering 903 rooms had received QTS accreditation.

The promotion of a community-wide hospitality culture is essential to the sustainable development of the tourism industry. The Tourism Commission launched the Hong Kong Young Ambassador Scheme in 2001 to inspire young people with a sense of courtesy and helpfulness to visitors, as well as to promote a hospitality culture in schools and the community. The Commission also maintains liaison and co-operation with the travel and related industries, and tourism authorities in the Mainland to encourage exchange among frontline practitioners with a view to further improving service quality.

**Mega Events Fund:** Mega events not only add colour and vibrancy to the city, but also enrich the travel experience of visitors. The Government is committed to reinforcing Hong Kong’s position as the events capital of Asia. Mega Events Fund was launched in May 2009 to assist local non-profit organizations to host large-scale events in Hong Kong for the following three years. In April 2012, a sum of $150 million was approved to extend the operation of the Fund and modify the scheme into a two-tier system. The new system will provide financial incentive to attract new or established high profile mega events to Hong Kong, whilst at the same time continue to encourage the hosting of potential mega arts, cultural, sports and entertainment events in Hong Kong by local non-profit-making organizations.

**Accessing Hong Kong:** The Government continues to enhance Hong Kong’s accessibility. Nationals from some 170 countries can visit Hong Kong visa free for periods ranging from seven to 180 days.

As for Mainland visitors, the quota of the Hong Kong Tour Group Scheme of Mainland visitors was abolished in January 2002. The Individual Visit Scheme (IVS) allowing residents of designated Mainland cities to visit Hong Kong as independent travellers, without joining group tours, introduced in July 2003, has been gradually extended and now covers 49 Mainland cities, including all 21 cities in Guangdong Province, Shanghai, Beijing, Chongqing, Tianjin, Chengdu, Dalian, Shenyang, Jinan, Nanchang, Changsha, Nanning, Haikou, Guiyang, Kunming, Shijiazhuang, Zhengzhou, Changchun, Hefei, Wuhan and a total of nine cities in Fujian (Fuzhou, Xiamen, Quanzhou), Jiangsu (Nanjing, Suzhou, Wuxi) and Zhejiang (Hangzhou, Ningbo, Taizhou). IVS arrivals have increased from 35 per cent of all Mainland arrivals in 2004 to 62.9 per cent in the first six months of 2015. As at June 2015, there were over 174.86 million visitor arrivals from the Mainland through the IVS since its implementation.

**Promoting Hong Kong:** The HKTB is a statutory body set up to promote Hong Kong globally as a world-class tourist destination. In addition to its head office in Hong Kong, the HKTB has 21 offices and representatives in six regions around the world.

The HKTB commissions market studies to gauge industry trends, and shares the information with its travel trade partners. Its marketing campaigns focus on 20 major source markets, which account for about 95 per cent of total visitor arrivals to Hong Kong.

In allocating its marketing resources to different markets, the HKTB adopts a flexible approach so that it can swiftly respond to unforeseen circumstances in the macro environment and minimise the risks. In addition to driving visitor arrivals from the key markets, such as Taiwan, Southeast Asia and South Korea, the HKTB also strives to step up promotional efforts in the new markets, including India, Russia and the countries in the Gulf Co-operation Council, capitalising on the economic growth and increased flight capacity of these markets.

Since 2011, the HKTB has adopted “Asia’s World City” as the tourism brand of Hong Kong, and launched promotions in different source markets to highlight Hong Kong’s international and cosmopolitan setting, unique cultural fusion, vibrant lifestyle, trendsetting image and signature attractions.

In Hong Kong, the HKTB has further enhanced its year-round programme of mega events to offer visitors the best possible experience during their stay. Major campaigns include “International Chinese New Year Parade”, “Hong Kong Summer Fun”, “Hong Kong Dragon Boat Carnival”, “Hong Kong Pulse 3D Light Show”, “Hong Kong Cyclothon”, “Hong Kong Wine and Dine Festival”, “Great Outdoors Hong Kong”, “Hong Kong WinterFest” and “Hong Kong New Year Countdown Celebrations”. From mid-July 2015 to late February 2016 during the periods of HKTB’s mega events, namely the “Hong Kong Summer Fun”, the “Hong Kong WinterFest” and the “Chinese New Year Celebrations”, the HKTB will stage a new round of the “Hong Kong Pulse 3D Light Show” respectively to showcase the magnificent night view of the Victoria Harbour. These events are promoted along with traditional festivals and cultural celebrations, as well as major events launched by other organisations, with the objectives of enriching visitors’ experience and reinforcing Hong Kong’s image as the Events Capital of Asia. Working closely with its trade partners, the HKTB will also develop new tourism products, events and offers to cater for the needs and interests of different visitor segments.

To promote Hong Kong’s tourism attractions to visitors worldwide, the HKTB has adopted an integrated approach that combines digital marketing, consumer promotions and public relations activities. The HKTB’s consumer website www.discoverhongkong.com now available in 15 languages and 22 market versions, recorded more than 68 million visits in 2014. In order to expand the reach of its promotions, the HKTB has stepped up its digital marketing efforts. Besides improving site usability to enhance browsing experience, the content were enriched to better showcase Hong Kong’s core tourism strengths and happenings as the “Asia’s World City”. The site also includes new built-in features to facilitate pre-trip planning, such as the ‘Hong Kong Insider’s Guide’, ‘My Hong Kong Guide’ and ‘Nearby Points of Interest’ functionalities. On top of the website, the HKTB has been leveraging social media and mobile platforms to promote Hong Kong, including the DiscoverHongKong Mobile App Series – one of the first smart phone travel application series in the world that makes use of the augmented reality technology. The series include four apps, namely DiscoverHongKong•AR’, ‘DiscoverHongKong•CityWalks’, ‘DiscoverHongKong•Heritage Walks’ and ‘DiscoverHongKong•Island Walks’. 
In 2014, the HKTB launched a new leaflet covering travel tips on public transportation, WiFi hotspots and public hygiene to help in-town tourists navigate the city and have a pleasurable stay.

The HKTB works very closely with its partners from the travel and related sectors. In 2014, it organised 34 familiarisation trips to Hong Kong, in which 650 travel trade representatives took part. It has also been working closely with different tourism administrations in the Mainland to promote multi-destination itineraries in various markets to local trade and media, through different means including organising roadshows, travel missions, familiarization trips, joint participation in major international travel trade shows and advertisement.